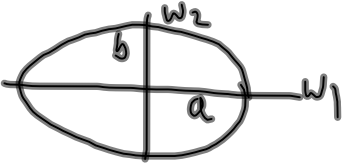


$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$


Semi major axis

Semi minor axis

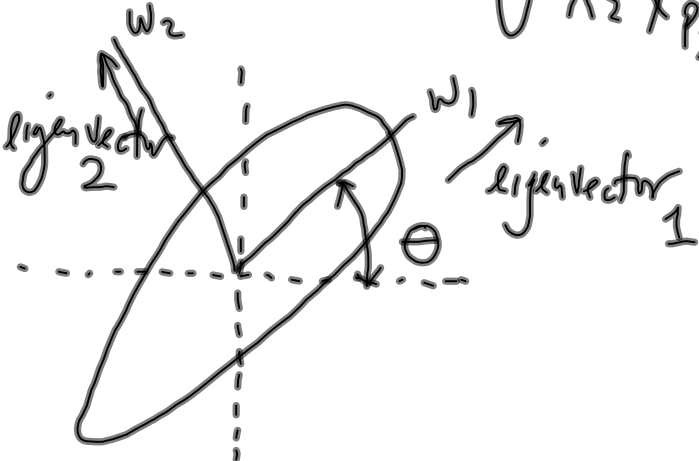
$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 x_{p,2}^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_2 x_{p,2}^2}$$

$w = \mathbb{R}(x-A)$  27-1

ordered  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2$   
and  $v_1, v_2$  by  
mag.

$\lambda_1$  larger  
 $\lambda_2$  smaller



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Specific  $\lambda$  for  $\Sigma$   $2 \times 2$  27-2

$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$   $A$ : sym.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} - \lambda & a_{12} \\ a_{12} & a_{22} - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$(a_{11} - \lambda)(a_{22} - \lambda) - a_{12}^2 = 0$$

$$a_{11}a_{22} + \lambda^2 - a_{11}\lambda - a_{22}\lambda - a_{12}^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - (a_{11} + a_{22})\lambda + a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{(a_{11} + a_{22})^2 - 4(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}^2)}}{2}$$

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$$\frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{a_{11}^2 + a_{22}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{22} - 4a_{11}a_{22} + 4a_{12}^2}{4}} \quad 27-3$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{a_{11}^2 + a_{22}^2 - 2a_{11}a_{22} + 4a_{12}^2}{4}} \quad A: \Sigma$$

$$\lambda = \frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{(a_{11} - a_{22})^2 + 4a_{12}^2}{4}} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2}{2} \pm \left[ \frac{(\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2)^2}{4} + \sigma_{xy}^2 \right]^{1/2} =$$

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orientation,  $\theta = ?$   $\Sigma = R^T D R$   $R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta \\ -\sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$   $27-4$

$R^T R = I$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c & s \\ -s & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c & -s \\ s & c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c\sigma_x^2 + s\sigma_{xy} & c\sigma_{xy} + s\sigma_y^2 \\ c\sigma_{xy} + s\sigma_y^2 & c\sigma_{xy} + s\sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -s \\ c \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$-sc\sigma_x^2 - s^2\sigma_{xy} + c^2\sigma_{xy} + sc\sigma_y^2 = 0$$

$$\sigma_{xy}(c^2 - s^2) + sc(\sigma_y^2 - \sigma_x^2) = 0$$

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$$\sigma_{xy}(c^2 - s^2) = sc(\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2)$$

27-5

$$\frac{2\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2} = \frac{2sc}{c^2 - s^2} \div c^2$$

obscure trig  
identity

$$\frac{2s/c}{1 - s^2/c^2} = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta} = \tan 2\theta$$

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2}$$

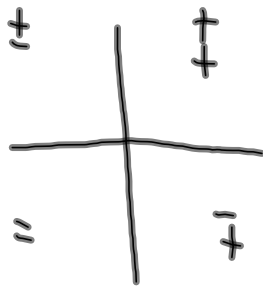
$$2\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2} \right)$$

quadrant,  
==

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use  $2\theta = \text{atan2}(2\sigma_{xy}, \sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2)$

27-6



$$\Sigma_{xx} \Rightarrow \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \theta$$

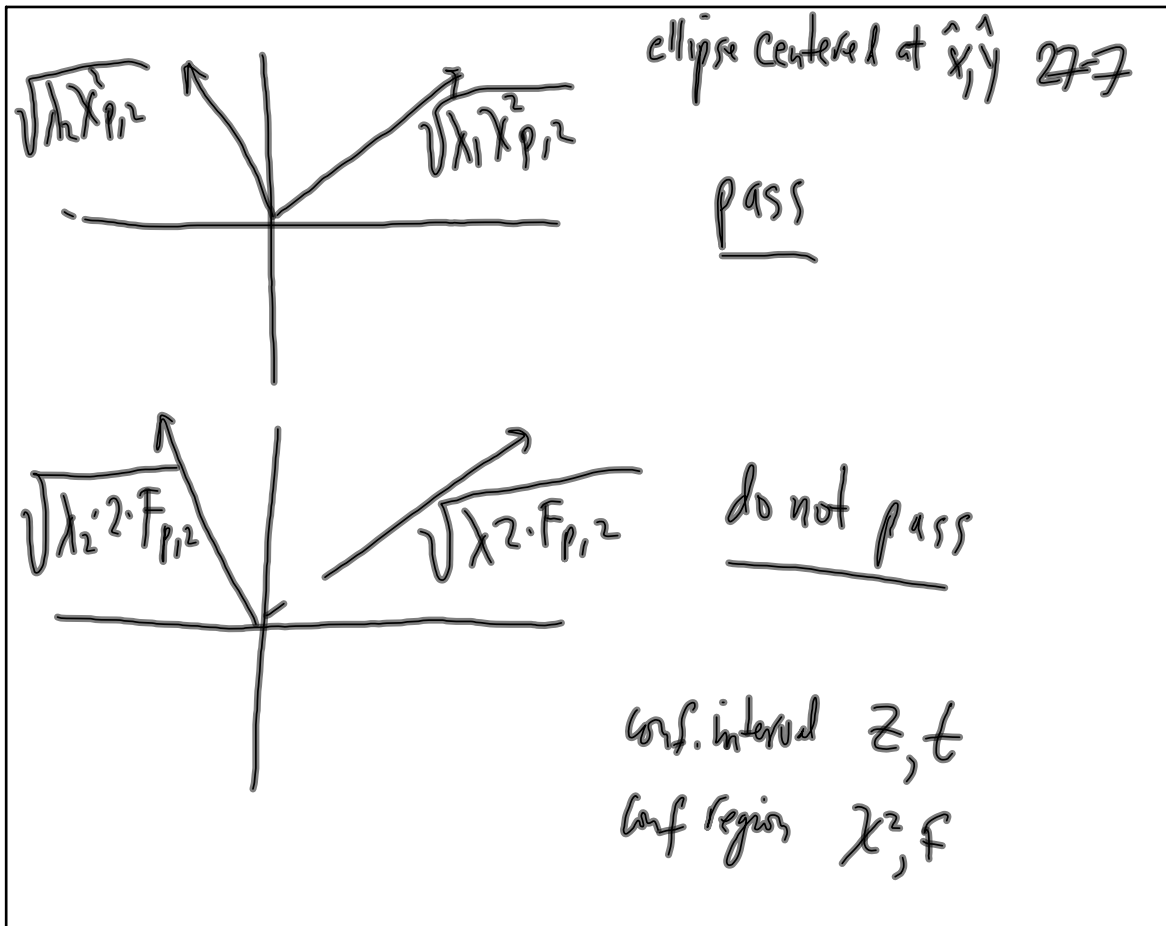
↑  
 $\chi^2_{p,2}$

assumed  $\Sigma = \sigma_0^2 Q$ , passed global test  
if fail global test OR don't do it

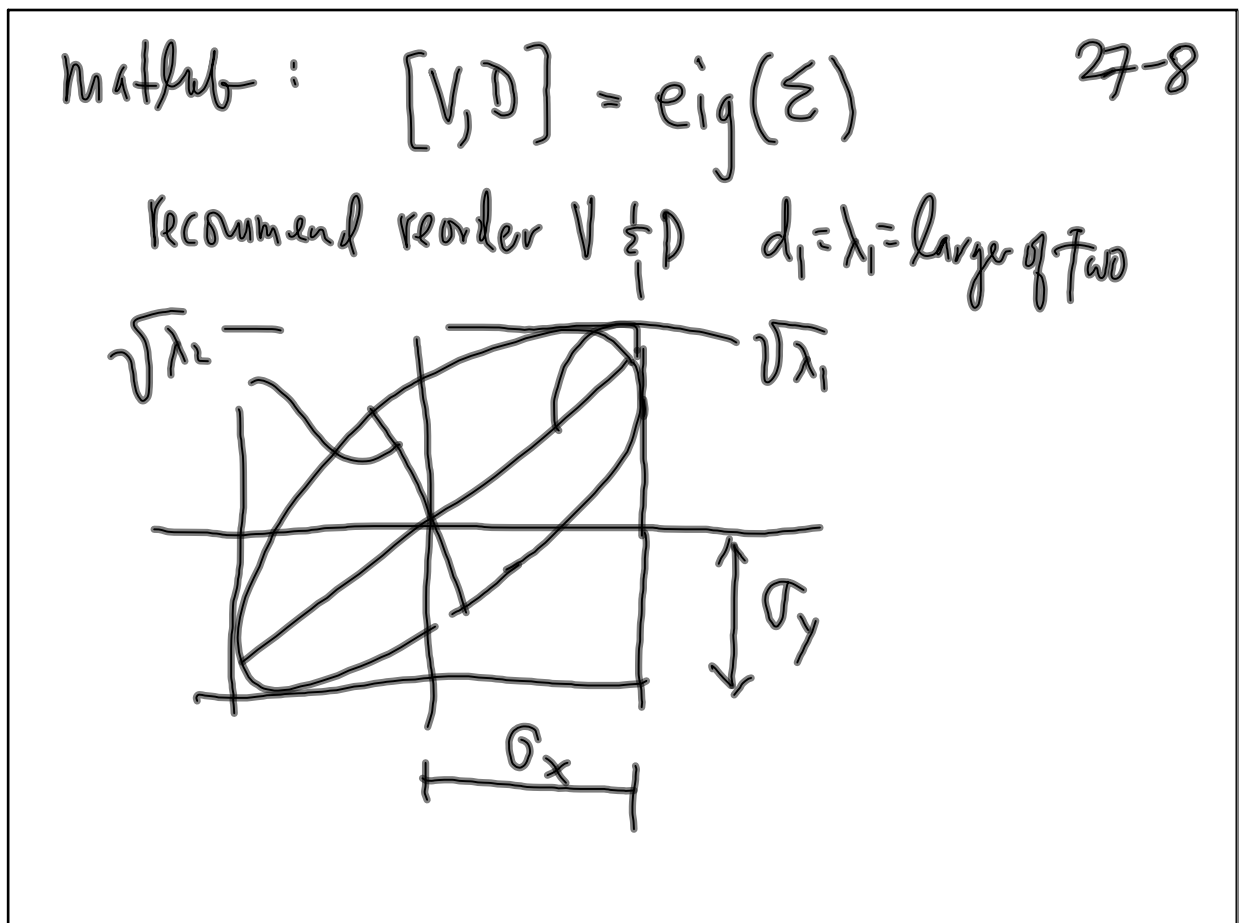
$$y = (x - \mu_x)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu_x) \sim n \cdot F_{\eta, r} \quad n: 2$$

$\Sigma = \hat{\sigma}_0^2 Q \quad \hat{\sigma}_0^2 = \sqrt{\text{tr} \Sigma} / r$       $r$ : redundancy d.o.f.

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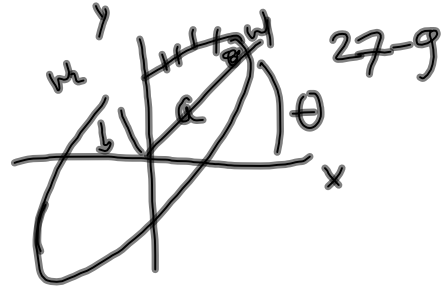


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Want to plot rotated ellipse :



$$\theta = \theta$$

$a =$  semi major

$b =$  semi minor

$$x_0 = a$$

$$y_0 = 0$$

$$nseg = 50$$

$$dalpha = 2 * \pi / nseg$$

for  $i = 1 : nseg$

$$alpha = i * dalpha$$

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$$x_1 = a * \cos(alpha)$$

$$y_1 = b * \sin(alpha)$$

$$px_0 = \cos(\theta) * x_0 - \sin(\theta) * y_0$$

$$py_0 = \sin(\theta) * x_0 + \cos(\theta) * y_0$$

$$px_1 = \cos(\theta) * x_1 - \sin(\theta) * y_1$$

$$py_1 = \sin(\theta) * x_1 + \cos(\theta) * y_1$$

Plot([px0 px1], [py0 py1], '-r')

if (i == 1)

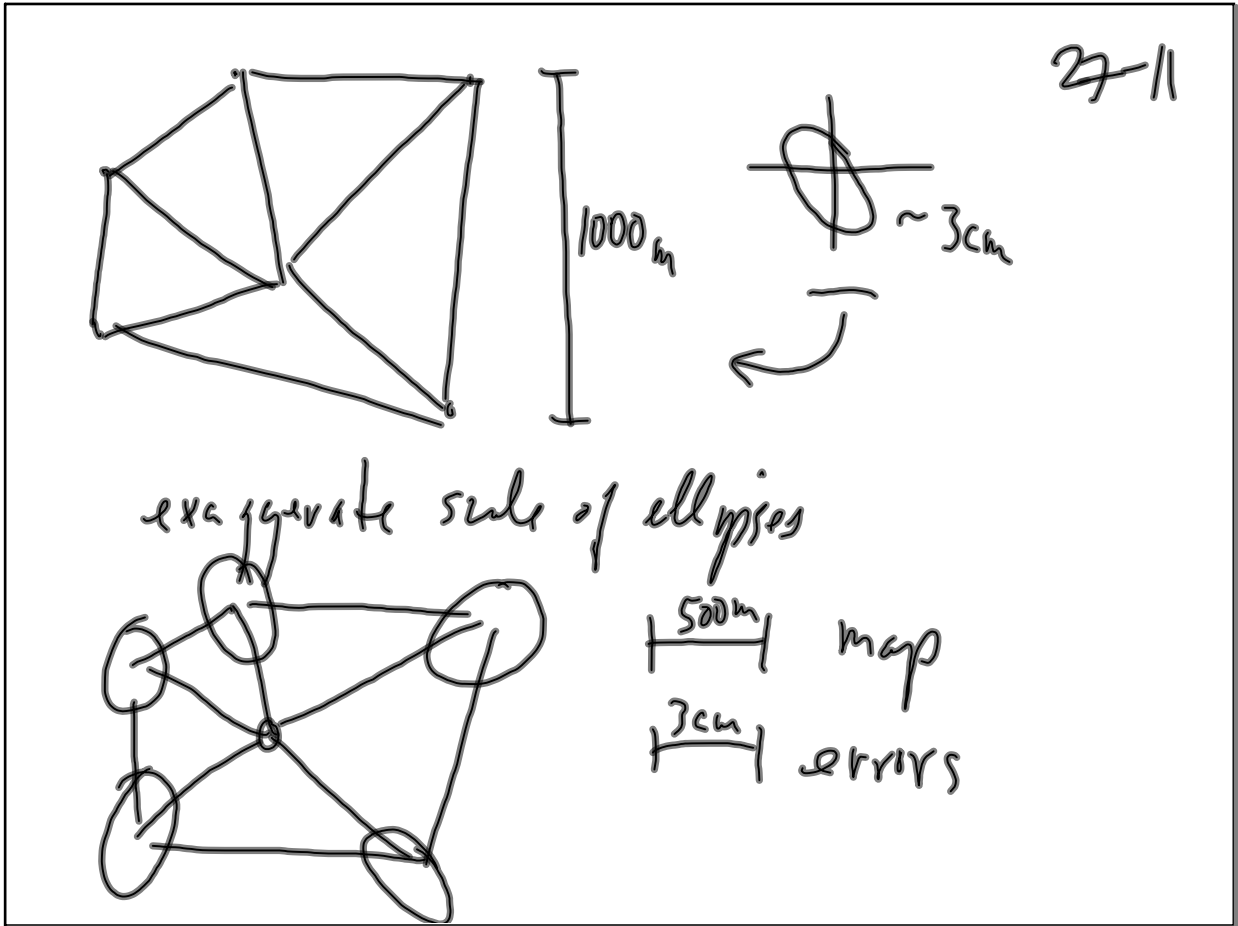
hold on

end

$$x_0 = x_1, y_0 = y_1 \text{ end}$$

27-10

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