

Small angle approximations for 3D rotations

9-1

$$\cos \theta \approx 1$$

$$\sin \theta \approx \theta$$

$$\sin \theta_1 \cdot \sin \theta_2 \approx 0$$

$M_z M_y M_x$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_k & s_k & 0 \\ -s_k & c_k & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c\phi & 0 & -s\phi \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ s\phi & 0 & c\phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c\omega & s\omega \\ 0 & -s\omega & c\omega \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\downarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\phi \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \phi & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \omega \\ 0 & -\omega & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & k & \theta \\ -k & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\phi \\ 0 & 1 & \omega \\ \phi & -\omega & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & k & -\phi \\ -k & 1 & \omega \\ \phi & -\omega & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

rotation matrix
assume
all angles are
small

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$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad 1 \text{ param. transf.}$$

9-2

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad 2 \text{ param. transf.}$$

$$\lambda \cos \theta = a$$

$$\lambda \sin \theta = b$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

if x, y are shifted, then

$$x' = ax + by$$

$$y' = -bx + ay$$

add shift or translation parameters

4 parameter transformation

helmut transf.

2D conformal coord. transf.

↳ shape preserved

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$$1. \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \quad 9-3$$

$$2. \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x + e \\ y + f \end{pmatrix}$$

eliminate using model 1 a, b, c, d

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e \\ f \end{pmatrix}}_{\begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e \\ f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e \\ f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$

a, b, c, d : convenient for calculations

$\Theta, \lambda, t_x, t_y$: physical parameters

$$a = \lambda \cos \Theta, \quad b = \lambda \sin \Theta$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = \lambda^2 \cos^2 \Theta + \lambda^2 \sin^2 \Theta = \lambda^2 (\cos^2 \Theta + \sin^2 \Theta)$$

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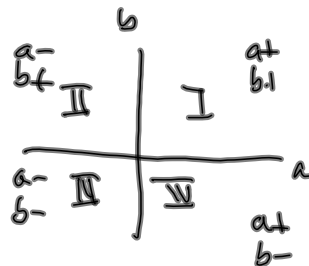
$$a^2 + b^2 = \lambda^2, \quad \lambda = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \quad 9-4$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{\lambda \sin \Theta}{\lambda \cos \Theta} = \tan \Theta$$

$$\Theta = \arctan(b/a)$$

to get Θ in correct quadrant

$$\Theta = \text{atan2}(b, a) \quad 4 \text{ quadrant version}$$



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$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{apply transf} \quad 9-5$$

without scale: rigid body transf

$$x' = ax + by + c$$

$$y' = -bx + ay + d$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & y & 1 & 0 \\ y & -x & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$

$V + B\Delta = f$, if x', y' observations

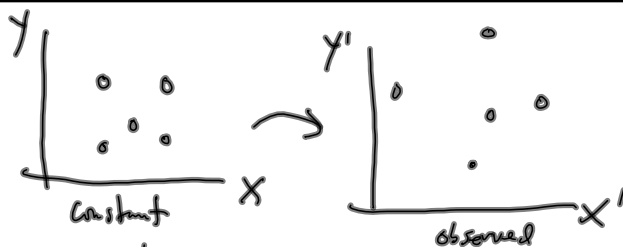
$$\hat{x}' = x' + v_{x'}$$

$$\hat{y}' = y' + v_{y'}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \hat{x}' \\ \hat{y}' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & y & 1 & 0 \\ y & -x & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} v_{x'} \\ v_{y'} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -x & -y & -1 & 0 \\ -y & x & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -x' \\ -y' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V + B \quad \Delta = f$$

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5 points $n = 10$
 $n_0 = 4$
 $r = 6$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{x'_1} \\ v_{y'_1} \\ v_{x'_2} \\ v_{y'_2} \\ \vdots \\ v_{x'_n} \\ v_{y'_n} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -x_1 & -y_1 & -1 & 0 \\ -y_1 & x_1 & 0 & -1 \\ -x_2 & -y_2 & -1 & 0 \\ -y_2 & x_2 & 0 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -x_n & -y_n & -1 & 0 \\ -y_n & x_n & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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