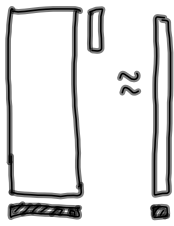
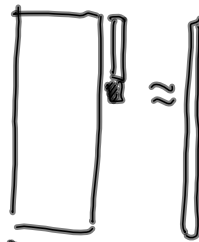


Lecture 41 Seq. LS 41-1



adding rows to
the B matrix + f vect



par
obs.

obs: geometry of network
par: relates new par to subset
of existing par

↓
time evolution of state vector
dynamics, dynamic model
differential equations
Kalman Filter

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Unified LS : statistics bayesian regression 41-2

ridge regression

purpose: enforce prior knowledge about parameters
value + uncertainty
 x_0 σ

counting: classical approach

$l: n$
 n_0
 $r: n - n_0$
 u
 $c = r + u$

unified approach

$n': n + u$
 $n'_0: n_0$
 $r': n' - n_0$
 u'
 $c': n' - n_0 = r'$

↙ ↘
you choose

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Example Coord. transf. 2D 41-3
4 par

10 pts. obs. both systems

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} n = 20 + 20 = 40 \\ n_o = 4 + 20 = 24 \\ r = 16 \\ m = 4 \\ C = r + n = 20 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} n' = 20 + 20 + 4 = 44 \\ \frac{n_o}{r'} = \frac{24}{20} \\ m = 4 \\ C' = r' + n = 24 \end{array} \quad \textcircled{?}$$

$$A(l+v) + B\Delta = d$$

$$Av + B\Delta = d - Al = f$$

$$x + v_x = \Delta, \quad v_x - \Delta = -x$$

$$Av + B\Delta = f$$

$$Iv_x - I\Delta = -x$$

$$\begin{array}{c} c \\ m \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ v_x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B \\ -I \end{bmatrix} \Delta = \begin{bmatrix} f \\ -x \end{bmatrix}, \quad \dot{A}\dot{v} + \dot{B}\dot{\Delta} = \dot{f}$$

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like GLS

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$$\dot{Q}_e = \dot{A} \begin{bmatrix} Q & 0 \\ 0 & Q_{xx} \end{bmatrix} \dot{A}^T = \begin{bmatrix} A\dot{A}^T & 0 \\ 0 & \dot{A}^T \dot{A} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q & 0 \\ 0 & Q_{xx} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A^T & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AQA^T & 0 \\ 0 & Q_{xx} \end{bmatrix} = \dot{Q}_e, \quad \dot{W}_e = \dot{Q}_e^{-1}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Q_e & 0 \\ 0 & Q_{xx} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \dot{W}_e = \begin{bmatrix} w_e & 0 \\ 0 & w_{xx} \end{bmatrix}$$


$$\dot{N}\Delta = \dot{t}, \quad \dot{N} = \dot{B}^T \dot{W}_e \dot{B}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} B^T & -I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_e & 0 \\ 0 & w_{xx} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B \\ -I \end{bmatrix} = \dot{N}$$

$$= B^T w_e B + w_{xx}$$

$$\dot{t} = \dot{B}^T \dot{W}_e \dot{f} = \dot{B}^T w_e \dot{f} = B^T w_e f + w_{xx} \cdot x$$

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$$\Delta = (\beta^T W_e B + W_{xx})^{-1} (t + W_{xx} \cdot x)$$


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