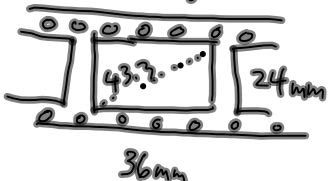
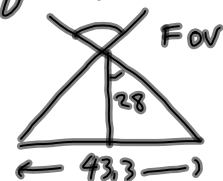


7-1

focal length vs. 35mm equivalent



3:2
36mm
24mm
43.3mm



FOV
28
43.3

most digital sensors 4:3

$$2 \cdot \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 43.3\right) = 75^\circ$$

Wide angle 28mm →
normal angle 50mm → FOV 47°
telephoto 200mm → 12°


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7-2

~~4.291~~ 4.291 (width) $f_{35} = 36 \cdot \frac{f}{w}$
5.760 mm (diagonal) $f_{35} = 34.6 \cdot \frac{f}{w}$
f: 6 mm


$f_{35} = 36 \text{ mm}$

<u>f</u>	<u>FOV</u>	
88	123°	SWA
152.4	94°	WA
210	75°	...



35
43.3
230mm

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$Fov \sim 1.7^\circ$

Intersection
 recast
 equations so
 they become linear

7-3

$$X = x_L + (z - z_L) \frac{u}{w} - c_1$$

$$Y = y_L + (z - z_L) \frac{v}{w} - c_2$$

$$X = x_L + (z - z_L) c_1$$

$$Y = y_L + (z - z_L) c_2$$

$$X = x_L + z \cdot c_1 - z_L \cdot c_1$$

$$Y = y_L + z \cdot c_2 - z_L \cdot c_2$$

500,000 m
 30,000 pix
 15,000 m

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$$X - c_1 z = x_L - c_1 z_L$$

$$Y - c_2 z = y_L - c_2 z_L$$

7-4

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -c_1 \\ 0 & 1 & -c_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_L - c_1 z_L \\ y_L - c_2 z_L \end{bmatrix}$$

really linear: matrix elements
 constants

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -c_{11} \\ 0 & 1 & -c_{21} \\ 1 & 0 & -c_{12} \\ 0 & 1 & -c_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} x_{L1} - c_{11}z_{L1} \\ y_{L1} - c_{21}z_{L1} \\ x_{L2} - c_{12}z_{L2} \\ y_{L2} - c_{22}z_{L2} \end{bmatrix} \quad 7-5$$

\uparrow
 constant
 Linear LS $Bx = f$
 $x = (B^T B)^{-1} B^T f$
 \uparrow
 known

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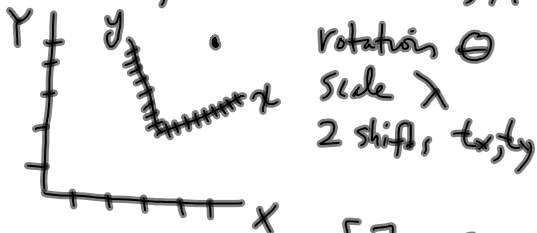
Benefit : NO iterations
 No initial approximations
 No partial derivatives
 Not rigorous solution
 c_i contain observations
 Stochastic model wrong

7-6

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Coordinate transformations

2D conformal coord. transf.



7-7

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} t_x \\ t_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x + t_x \\ y + t_y \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a}{\lambda \cos \theta} & \frac{b}{\lambda \sin \theta} \\ -\lambda \sin \theta & \lambda \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} t_x \\ t_y \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} c \\ d \end{matrix}$$

7-8

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{form application}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & y & 1 & 0 \\ y & -x & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{form to use} \\ \text{for estimation} \end{matrix}$$

XY fixed, xy observed
each point: 2 equations

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2 points \Rightarrow 4 equations

7.9

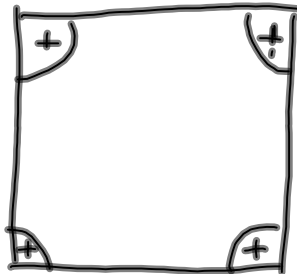
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ x_2 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 & 0 \\ y_1 - x_1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 & 0 \\ y_2 - x_2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

\Rightarrow unique solution for a, b, c, d

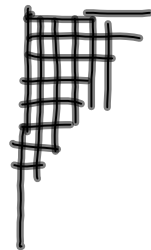
3 pts \Rightarrow 6 eqns, LS estimation

n pts \Rightarrow $2n$ eqns ...

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fiducial marks
 XY



observations
 xy

7-10

typical application of 2D coord transf.
4 parameter transf.
film: deformation

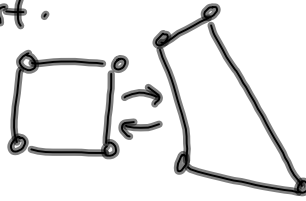
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2D projective transformation
8 parameter transf.

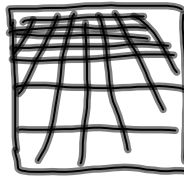
7-11

applications

1. rectification*
(flat terrain)



resampling: constant scale

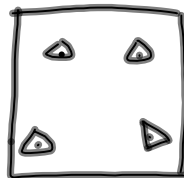


small scale

large scale

2. texture mapping
3. approximators for EO of indiv. images

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8 par. \Rightarrow E.O.

7-12

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= \frac{a_0 + a_1x + a_2y}{1 + c_1x + c_2y} \\ y &= \frac{b_0 + b_1x + b_2y}{1 + c_1x + c_2y} \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \underbrace{a_0 a_1 a_2 b_0 b_1 b_2 c_1 c_2}_{8 \text{ par}} \\ \text{applying} \end{array}$$

$$x + x c_1 x + x c_2 y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 y$$

$$y + y c_1 x + y c_2 y = b_0 + b_1 x + b_2 y$$

= \rightarrow

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$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x & y & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x & -y \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & x & y & -y & -x \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \\ b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.13

each point generates 2 Eq's

4 pts \Rightarrow 8 eqn's

8 eq / 8 unknown

x, y obs., XY constant

obs
" R^2
treat as constants