

$$v_o = -g_m v_{\pi} (R_c \parallel R_L) = -\beta i_b (R_c \parallel R_L)$$

$$v_s = v_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) i_b R_E$$

$$= i_b (\tau_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) R_E)$$

$$A_{v_s} = \frac{v_o}{v_s} = \frac{-\beta (R_c \parallel R_L)}{\tau_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) R_E} \approx \frac{-R_c \parallel R_L}{R_E}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{i_s} &= \frac{i_o}{i_s} = \frac{v_o / R_L}{v_s / R_{in}(ckt)} \\ &= \frac{v_o (R_B \parallel (\tau_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) R_E))}{v_s R_L} \\ &= A_{v_s} \frac{(R_B \parallel (\tau_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) R_E))}{R_L} \\ &= -\beta \frac{R_c}{R_c + R_L} \cdot \frac{R_B}{R_B + \tau_{\pi} + (\beta + 1) R_E} \end{aligned}$$