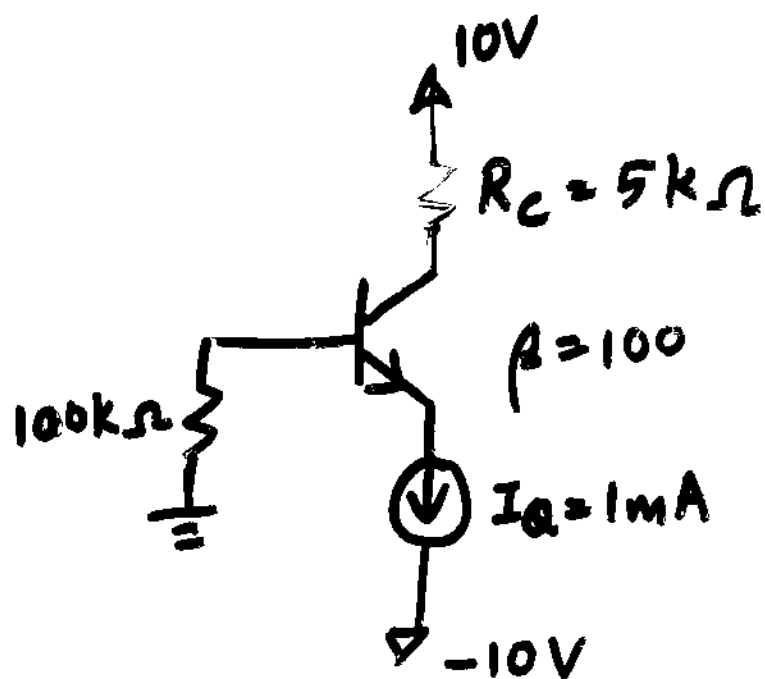


Circuit with current source (sink)

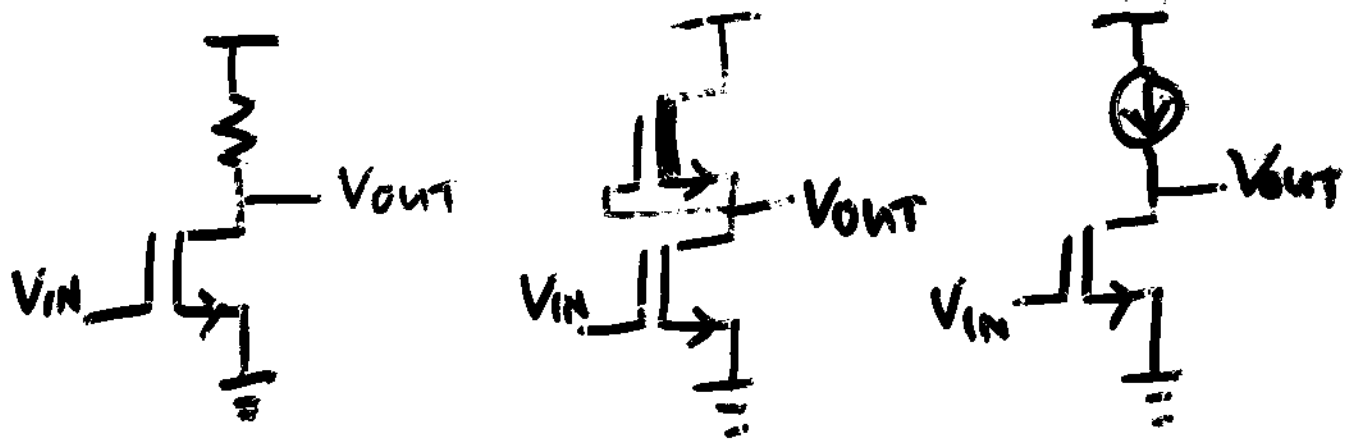


Find I_E , I_C , I_B

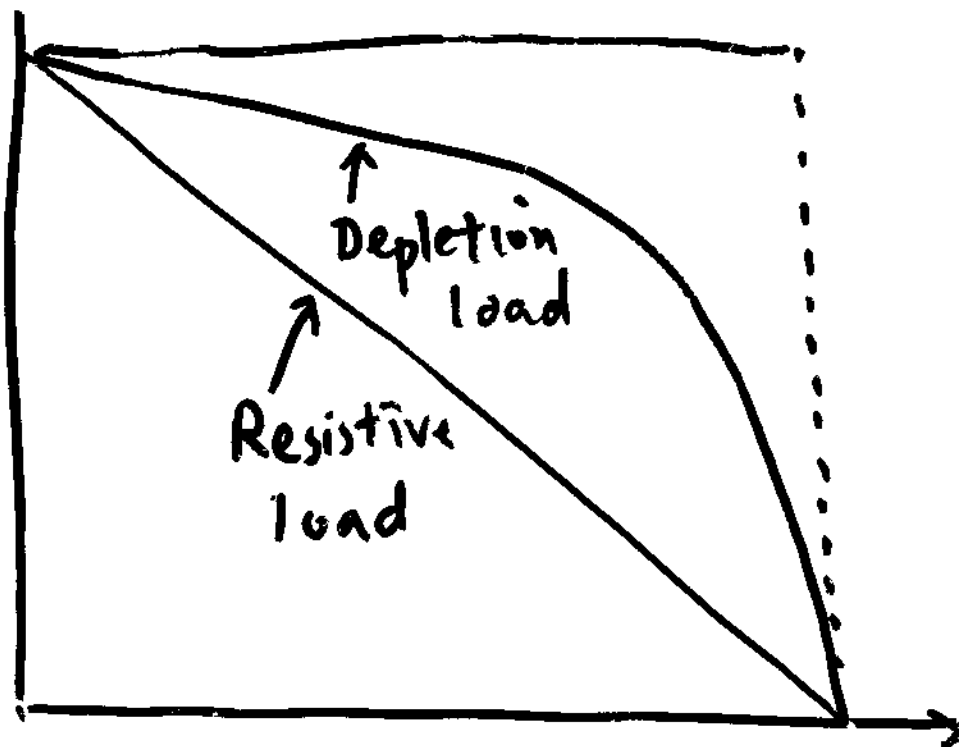
V_C , V_{CE} , V_B , V_E

What if you change β ?

Current as active load Source



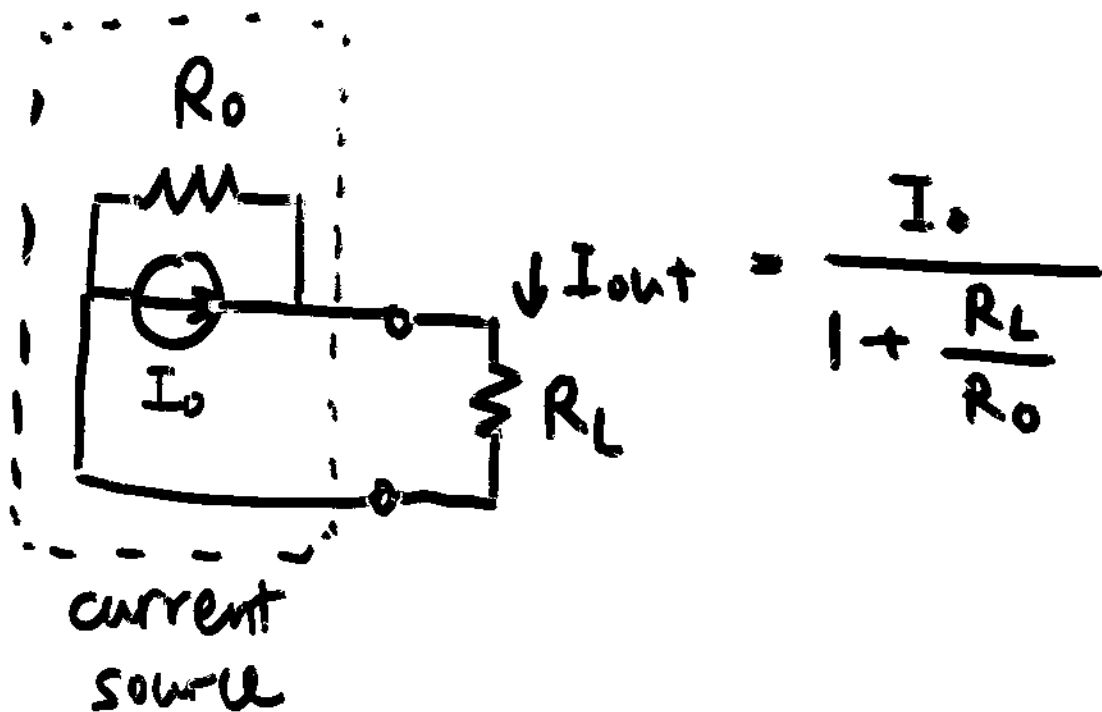
Load lines



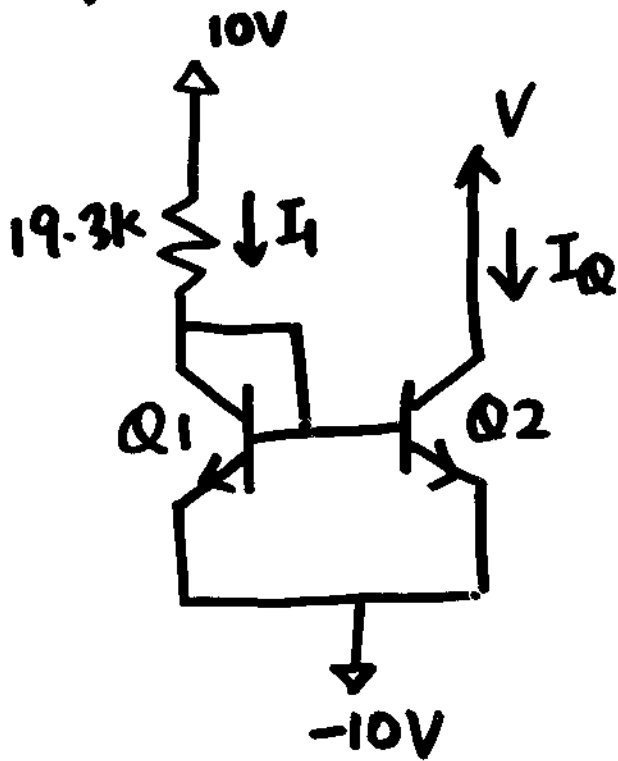
Functions as a large resistor
without restricting current flow.

Current source

- sources or sinks the same amount of current, regardless of load conditions
- constant current over some range of load voltage
- Output compliance



Implementation of Current Source



KVL:

$$10 = 19.3k\Omega \cdot I_1 + V_{BE(ON)} - 10$$

$$I_1 = \frac{20 - V_{BE(ON)}}{19.3k\Omega}$$

$$= 1mA$$

$$\begin{cases} A_{E1} = A_{E2} \\ \beta_1 = \beta_2 \\ n_1 = n_2 \end{cases}$$

Assume $Q_1 = Q_2$

$$I_1 = I_{C1} + I_{B1} + I_{B2}$$

If $V_{BE1} = V_{BE2}$

$$I_{B1} = I_{B2}$$

$$I_{C1} = I_{C2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= I_{C2} + 2I_{B2} \\ &= I_{C2} + 2 \frac{I_{C2}}{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

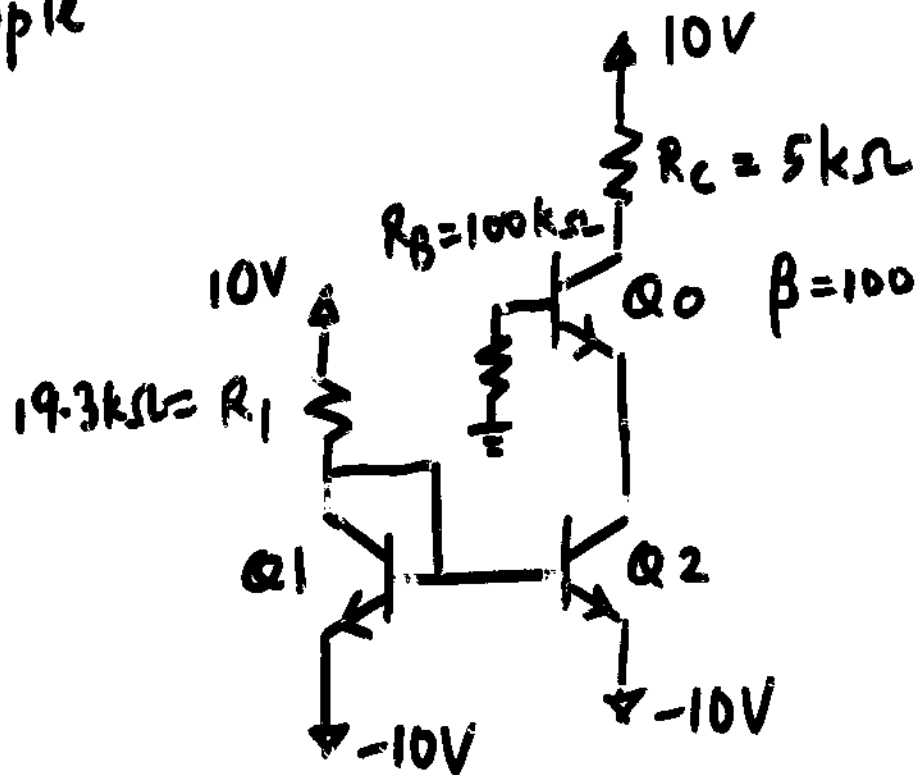
$$I_1 = \left(1 + \frac{2}{\beta}\right) I_{C2} \Rightarrow$$

Current in Q_1
almost mirrored

in Q_2
↓
Current mirror

$$I_{C2} = \frac{I_1}{1 + \frac{2}{\beta}}$$

Example



Computed:

$$I_{C0} \approx 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{B0} = 0.01 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{Q0} \approx -1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{E0} = V_{C2} \approx -1.7 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore V_{CE2} = -1.7 - (-10 \text{ V}) = 8.3 \text{ V}$$

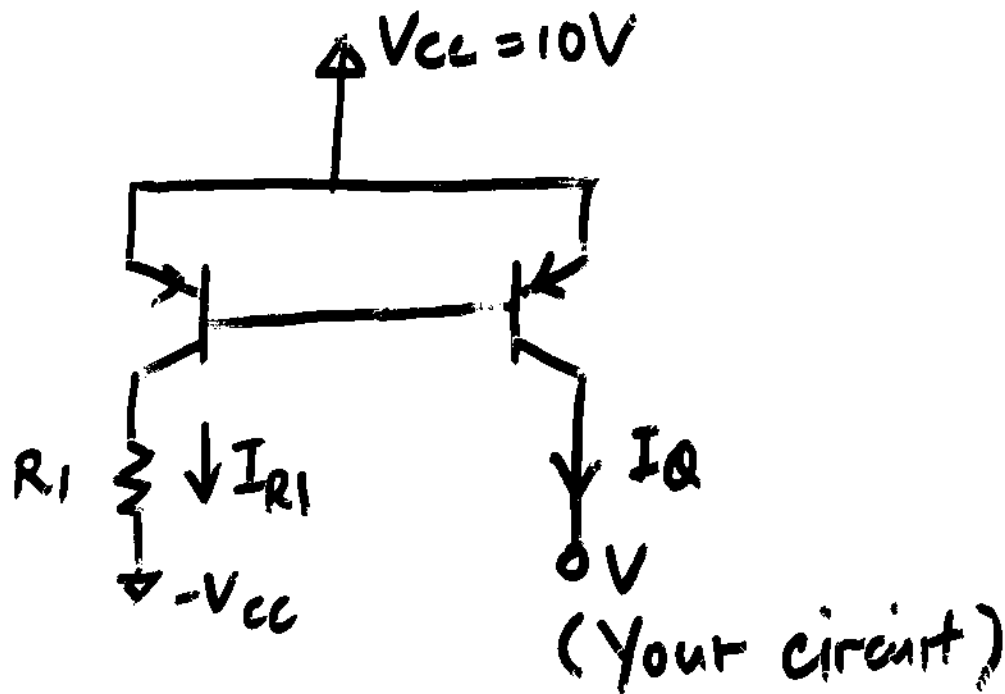
$$V_{B2} = (-10) - (-0.7) = \underline{-9.3 \text{ V}} \quad \left. \vphantom{V_{B2}} \right\} \text{Right}$$

$$V_{B1} = V_{C1} = 10 - I_{R1} R_1$$

$$= 10 - 19.3 = \underline{-9.3 \text{ V}} \quad \left. \vphantom{V_{B1}} \right\} \text{Left}$$

↑
Same operating point

PNP Current Source



Design for $I_Q = 2mA$

given $\beta = 25$

$$I_Q = \frac{I_{R_1}}{1 + 2/\beta} \Rightarrow$$

KVL on Left