

5.79 (a) assuming  $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_S = (1 \text{ mA})(3 \text{ k}\Omega) = 3 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GS} = 2 \text{ V} \Rightarrow V_G = 5 \text{ V}$

$$V_G = \left( \frac{5}{5+10} \right) 15 = 5 \text{ V} \quad \text{consistent}$$

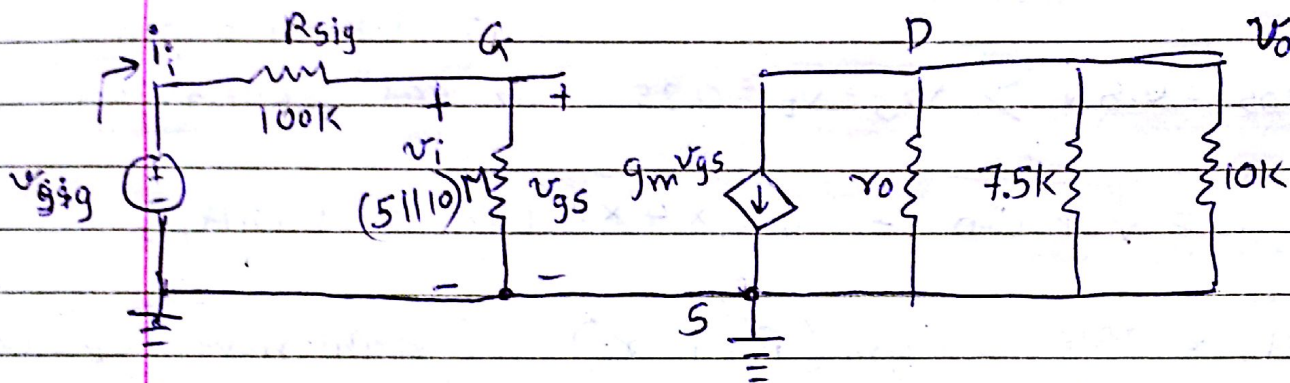
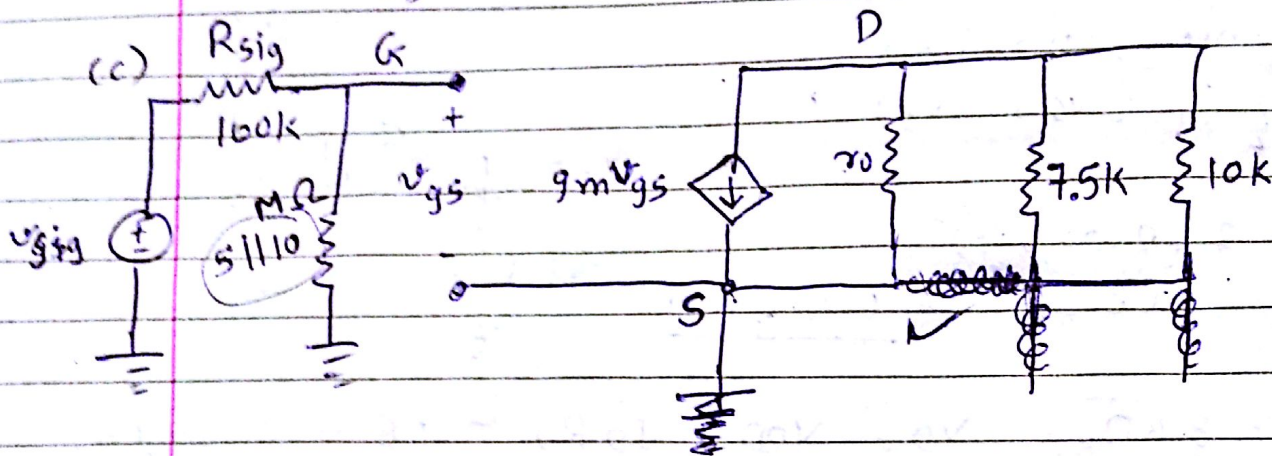
if  $V_D = 7.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = \frac{15 - 7.5}{7.5} = 1 \text{ mA}$

consistent

$$V_{GS} > V_t \quad \text{and} \quad V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_t \Rightarrow \text{sat}^n$$

$$(b) \quad g_m = \sqrt{2k_n I_D} = \sqrt{2(2)(1)} = 2 \text{ mA/V}$$

$$r_o = \frac{|V_A|}{I_D} = \frac{100}{1} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$$



$$(d) \quad v_o = -g_m v_{gs} (r_o \parallel 7.5k \parallel 10k)$$

$$\frac{v_o}{v_{gs}} = -g_m (100k \parallel 7.5k \parallel 10k) = -2 \text{ mA/V} \cdot 4.29 \text{ k}\Omega$$

can be ignored

$$= -8.57$$

$$v_{gs} = \left[ \frac{(5110) \text{ M}}{(5110) \text{ M} + 100k} \right] v_{sig} \Rightarrow \frac{v_{gs}}{v_{sig}} = \frac{3.33 \text{ M}}{3433 \text{ k}} = 0.97$$

$$\frac{v_o}{v_{sig}} = \frac{v_o}{v_{gs}} \frac{v_{gs}}{v_{sig}} = -(8.57) * (0.97) = -8.3$$

$$R_{in} = \frac{v_{sig}}{i_i} = R_{sig} + (5110) \text{ M} = 100k + 3.33 \text{ M}$$

$$= 3.433 \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$R_{in} = \frac{v_i}{i_i} = (5110) \text{ M}\Omega = 3.33 \text{ M}\Omega$$

5.113

(a)

$V_{tp} = -0.7V$ , very large  $|VA| \Rightarrow r_o = \infty$

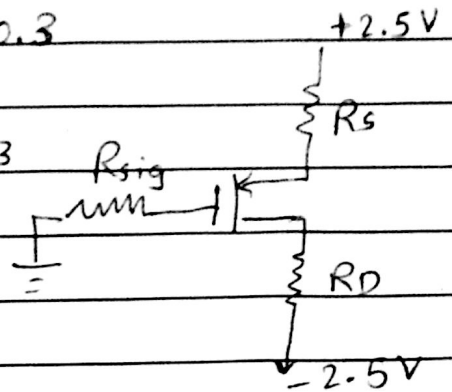
$|V_{ov}| = 0.3 = |V_{GS} - V_{tp}| = 0.3$

$V_G = 0V, I_D = I_S = 0.3mA$

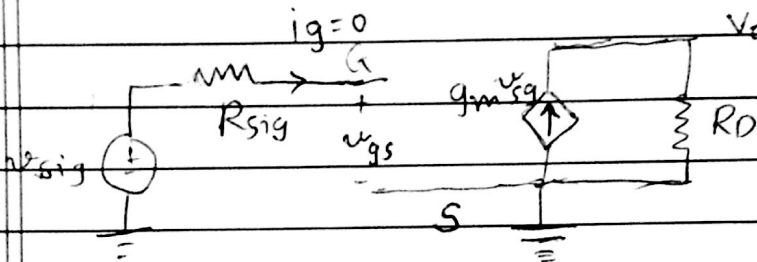
$V_S + V_{tp} = 0.3 \Rightarrow V_S - 0.7 = 0.3$

$\Rightarrow V_S = 1V$

$R_S = \frac{2.5 - 1}{0.3} = \frac{1.5}{0.3} = 5k\Omega$



(b)



$v_o = g_m v_{sg} R_D$

$v_{gs} = v_{sig}$

$v_o = -g_m v_{sig} R_D$

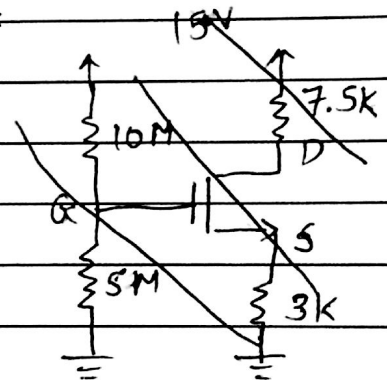
$g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{ov}} = \frac{2(0.3)}{0.3} = 2mA/V$      $A_v = \frac{v_o}{v_{sig}} = -g_m R_D = -10V/V$

$2mA/V R_D = 10 \Rightarrow R_D = 5k\Omega$

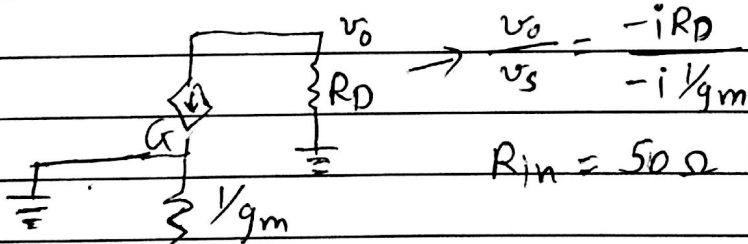
~~5.79~~

~~(a)  $V_t = 1V, K_n = 2mA/V^2$~~

~~$V_G = \frac{5}{5+10} (15) = 5V$~~



5.114

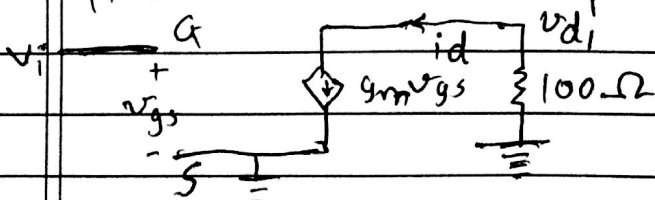


$R_{in} = 50\Omega = \frac{1}{g_m} \Rightarrow g_m = \frac{1}{50}$

$\rightarrow v_o = g_m R_D v_s = 0.02$

$R_{in} = \frac{1}{g_m} \Rightarrow \frac{100}{20} = 5k\Omega = R_D$      $g_{m2} = 20mA/V$

$Q_1$  is biased at same point as  $Q_2 \Rightarrow g_{m1} = 20mA/V$



$i_d = g_m v_{gs} = g_m v_i$

$i_d = 20(5) = 0.1mA$

$v_{d1} = -100(i_d) = -10mV$

$$5.115 \quad I_D = 0.1 \text{ mA} = \frac{1}{2} K_n (V_{OV})^2 = \frac{1}{2} (0.8) (V_{OV})^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5 = V_{OV} = V_{GS} - V_t = V_{GS} - 1 \Rightarrow \underline{V_{GS} = 1.5 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_G = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{V_S = -1.5 \text{ V}}$$

$$\frac{V_S + 5}{I_S} = R_S = \frac{-1.5 + 5}{0.1} = \underline{35 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$R_{in} = R_G = \underline{10 \text{ M}\Omega}$$

$$v_{DS} \geq V_{OV} = 0.5 \quad \pm 1 \text{ Swing at } v_D \text{ so } \underline{v_{DS} \geq 1.5}$$

$$\frac{5 - v_D}{I_D} = R_D = \frac{5 - 1.5}{0.1} = \underline{35 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$v_{DS_{\min}} = V_{DS} + v_{ds} = V_{DS} - v_{d_{\max}} \geq 0.5$$

$$V_{DS} = V_D - V_S = 5 - I_D R_D - (I_D R_S - 5)$$

$$= 10 - I_D (R_D + R_S)$$

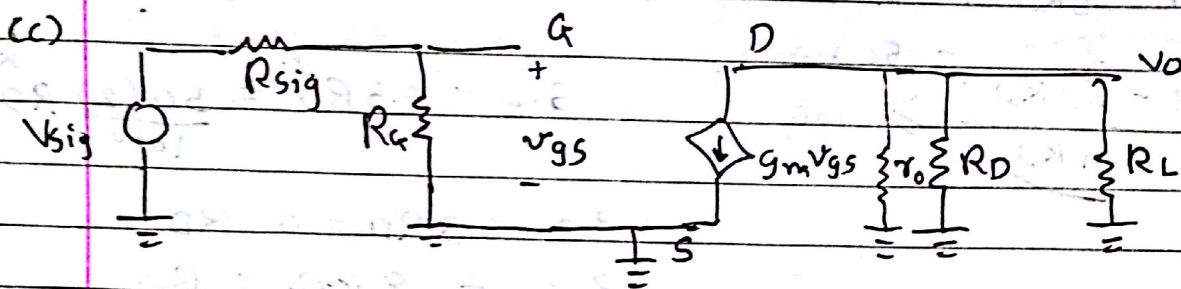
$$10 - I_D (R_D + R_S) - v_{d\max} \geq 0.5$$

$$8.5 \geq I_D (R_D + R_S) \Rightarrow 85 \text{ K} - R_S \geq R_D$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{R_D \leq 50 \text{ K}\Omega}$$

(b)  $g_m = \sqrt{2k_n I_D} = \sqrt{2(0.8)(0.1)} = \underline{0.4 \text{ mA/V}}$

$$r_o = \frac{V_A}{I_D} = \frac{40}{0.1} = \underline{400 \text{ K}\Omega}$$

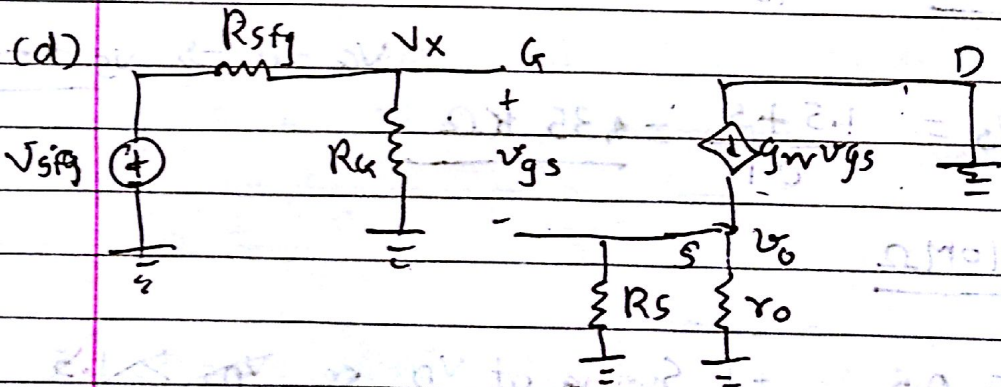


$$v_o = -g_m v_{gs} (R_D \parallel R_L)$$

$$v_{gs} = \frac{R_G}{R_G + R_{sig}} v_{sig}$$

$$\frac{v_o}{v_{sig}} = \frac{-g_m (R_D \parallel R_L) r_o R_G}{R_G + R_{sig}} = \frac{-0.4 (40 \text{ K} \parallel 50 \text{ K}) (400 \text{ K}) (10 \text{ M})}{1 \text{ M} + 10 \text{ M}}$$

$$= \underline{-7.66}$$



$$v_o = g_m v_{gs} (R_S \parallel r_o)$$

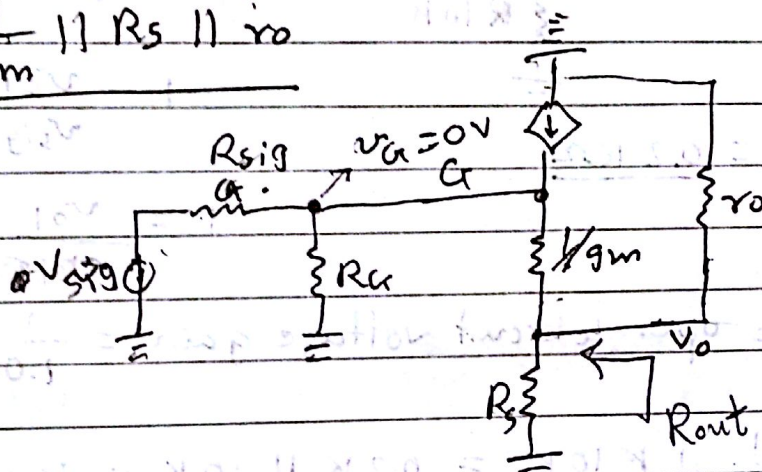
$$\frac{v_o}{v_{sig}} = \frac{g_m (R_S \parallel r_o) R_G}{R_G + R_{sig}}$$

$$v_{gs} = v_x - v_o = v_x - g_m v_{gs} (R_S \parallel r_o)$$

$$v_x = v_{gs} (1 + g_m (R_S \parallel r_o))$$

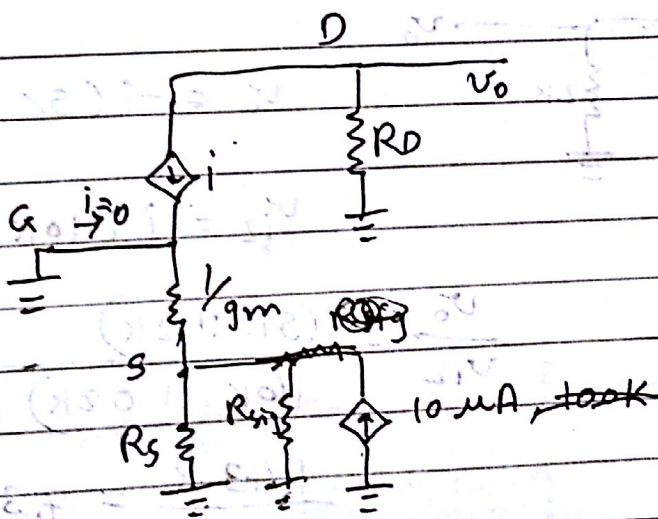
$$\frac{v_o}{v_x} = \frac{g_m (R_s \parallel r_o)}{1 + g_m (R_s \parallel r_o)} = \frac{0.4 (400k \parallel 35k)}{1 + 0.4 (400k \parallel 35k)} = \underline{0.93}$$

$$R_o = \frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_s \parallel r_o$$



$$R_o = 35k \parallel 400k \parallel 2.5k \approx \underline{2.5k}$$

(e)



$$v_o = -i R_D$$

$$v_s = i_s R_s = (10)(100k)(\mu) = \underline{1V}$$

$$v_s = i / g_m$$

$$i = v_s g_m = 0.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$v_o = -0.4 (50k) = \underline{-20V}$$

$$R_{in} = R_s \parallel \frac{1}{g_m} = 35k \parallel 2.5k \approx \underline{2.5k}$$

$$R_{in} \parallel R_{sig} = 2.5 \parallel 100 \approx \underline{2.5k}$$

$$v_s = (10 \mu A)(2.5k) = 25 \text{ mV} \Rightarrow i = v_s g_m = 25(0.4) = \underline{10 \mu A}$$

$$v_o = -(10 \mu A)(50k) \approx \underline{-0.5V}$$

↑ peak of voltage signal at Y