

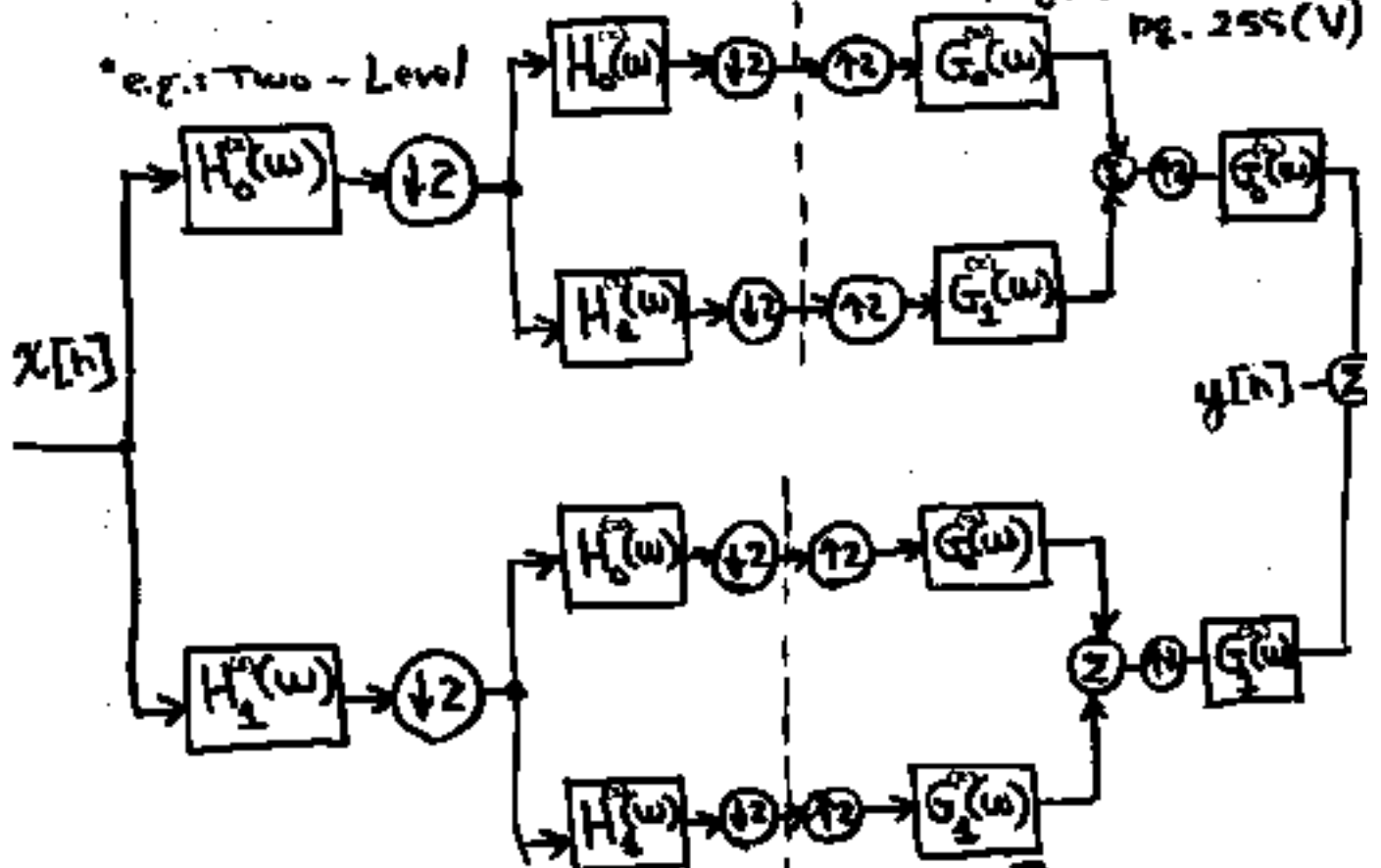
EE648 (CC761-M) DSP II  
Session 22 (live: 4/1/99)

Outline

- Synthesis of  $M$ -channel uniform filter banks from tree-structured filter banks - Sect. 5.8 of Y.
- Analysis of  $M$ -channel PR filter banks - Sect. 5.4 of Y.

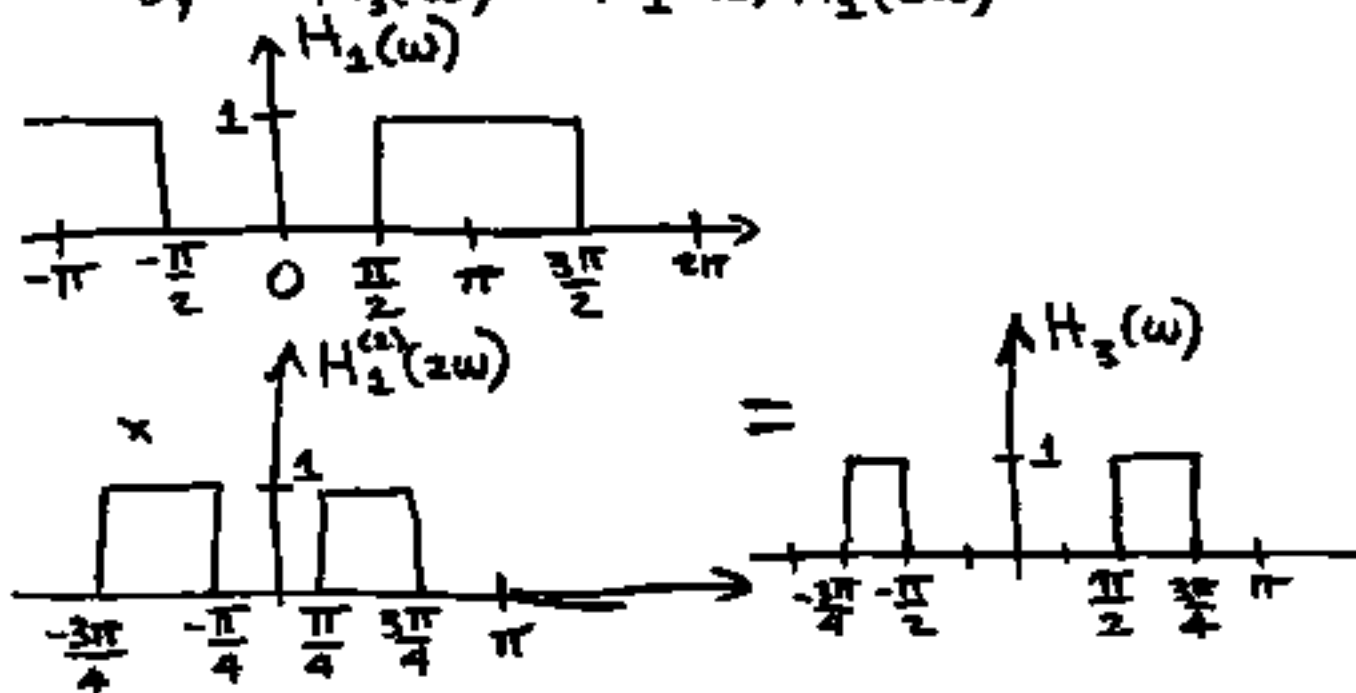
• Tree-Structured Filter Bank - Fig. 5.8-1 on pg. 255(V)

• e.g.: Two-Level

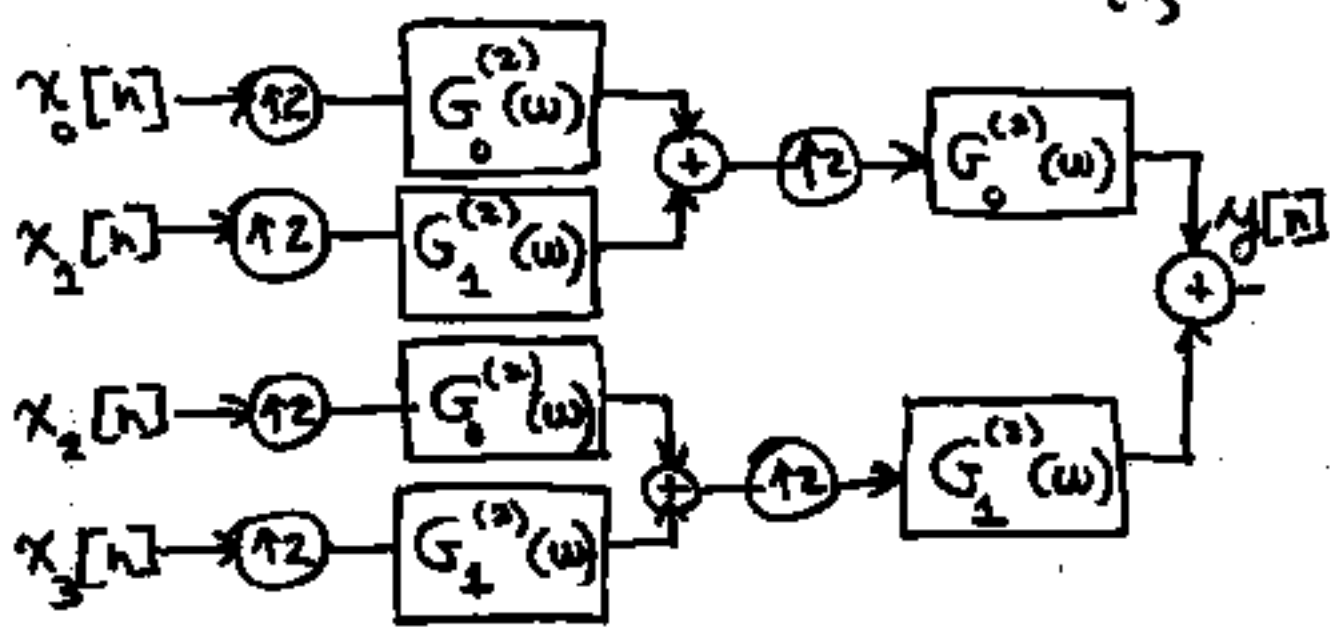


• as long as  $\{H_0(w), H_1(w), G_0(w), G_1(w)\}$  form ideal QMF, over-all system is PR

• What frequency band is passed by  $H_3(\omega) = H_2^{(2)}(\omega) H_2^{(2)}(2\omega)$  ?



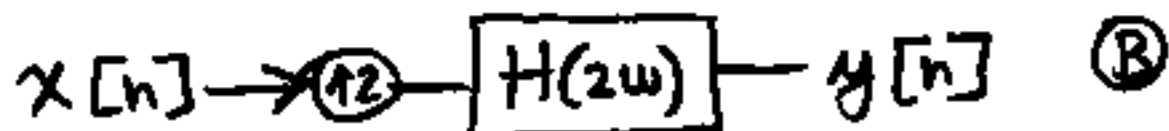
• Synthesis section of tree-structured filter bank  $K = \text{e.g.}, M = 2^2$



- to show equivalence to  $M=4$  channel filter bank, use Noble's second identity



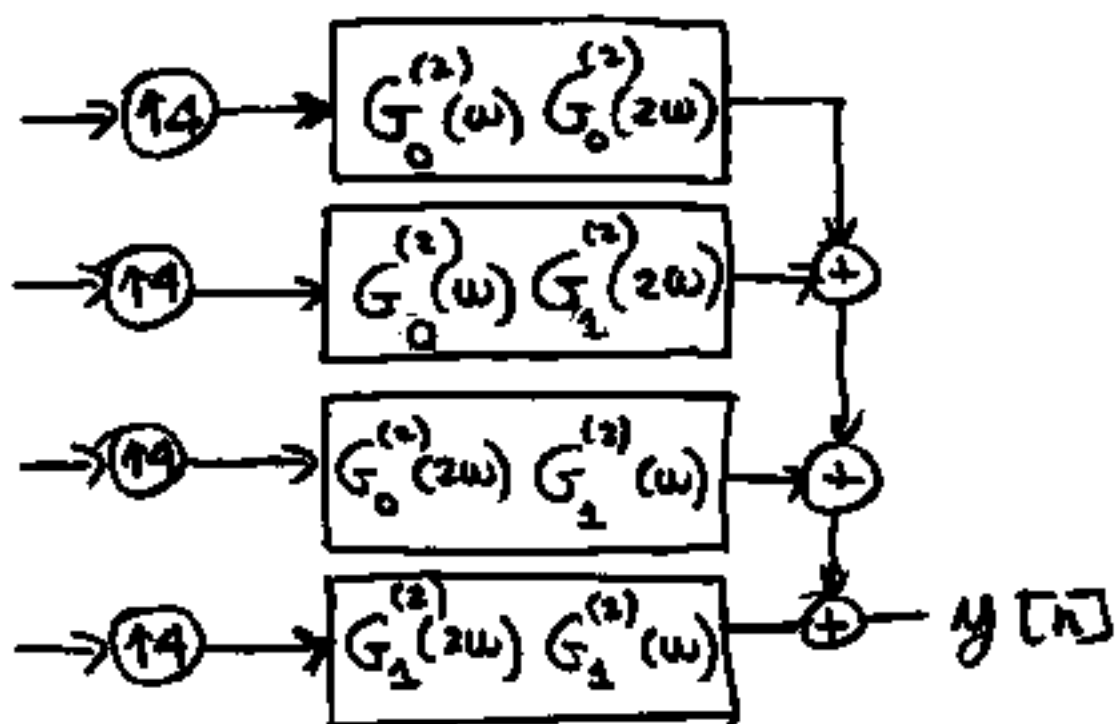
'same I/O relationship with



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$\textcircled{A} \quad Y(\omega) = H(2\omega) X(2\omega)$   
 $\textcircled{B} \quad Y(\omega) = H(2\omega) X(2\omega) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right\} \text{SAME I/O}$

• equivalent  $M=4$  uniform filter bank:



• See PR 4 chan. m (based on  $h[n] = \{1, 1\}$ ) and PR RC 4 chan. m (based on  $h[n]$  having a raised cosine spectrum) at course web site

• Analysis of M-channel filter bank

$$X_m(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{M-1} H_m\left(\frac{\omega - l2\pi}{M}\right) X\left(\frac{\omega - l2\pi}{M}\right)$$

$$W_m(\omega) = X_m(M\omega)$$

$$= \sum_{l=0}^{M-1} H_m\left(\omega - l\frac{2\pi}{M}\right) X\left(\omega - l\frac{2\pi}{M}\right)$$

$$Y(\omega) = \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} G_m(\omega) W_m(\omega)$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} G_m(\omega) \sum_{l=0}^{M-1} H_m\left(\omega - l\frac{2\pi}{M}\right) X\left(\omega - l\frac{2\pi}{M}\right)$$

$$Y(\omega) = \sum_{\ell=0}^{M-1} X\left(\omega - \ell \frac{2\pi}{M}\right) \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} G_m(\omega) H_m\left(\omega - \ell \frac{2\pi}{M}\right)$$

define:  $F_\ell(\omega) = \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} G_m(\omega) H_m\left(\omega - \ell \frac{2\pi}{M}\right)$

$$Y(\omega) = F_0(\omega) X(\omega) + \sum_{\ell=1}^{M-1} F_\ell(\omega) X\left(\omega - \ell \frac{2\pi}{M}\right)$$

• desire :  $|F_0(\omega)| = \text{constant}$   
 $\angle F_0(\omega) = \text{linear} \geq \omega$

$$F_l(\omega) = 0 \quad \forall \omega$$

for  $l = 1, \dots, M-1$